

Screw Cam Clamp

(Dual purpose of lifting and fixing as an anchor point)

(Universal Shackle, Twist Cam Type)

SUC-S

Operation Manual

This operation manual explains the basic operation and handling of the clamps. Please read this manual carefully before use and observe the precautions for safe operation.

SUPER TOOL CO., LTD.

which have been developed for the purpose of transporting steel materials.

Proper use

Operate lifting clamps after carefully reading and understanding this instruction manual for enhancing efficiency and safety of operation.

Prime efficiency and economy

Advanced functions, reasonableness and versatile applications of finely and carefully designed **SUPER** lifting clamps ensure prime efficiency and economy.

Special considerations on safety

We conduct a pulling test with a load three times (or twice) of rated capacity and a manufacturing serial number is marked on each product, thus directing a special attention to safety.

Precautions for safety operation

(Pages $1\sim10$ are common to all lifting clamp models) Be sure to read this instruction manual carefully before use.

Mistaken use of lifting clamp may cause a danger such as dropping of load.

Education of "crane safety regulations," "operation manual for lifting clamp," "your company's operation standards," etc. should be given before actual operation not only to business owners who have purchased clamps but also to their operators to ensure that actual operators have acquired enough knowledge, safety information, and precautions of the clamps.

Safety precautions are divided into two classifications in this manual; "Warning" and "Caution,".



WARNING:

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION:

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in medium damage or slight injury, or could result in property damage.

While only mentioned in \(\triangle CAUTION \), failure to comply with them still may lead to a serious disaster. As such, do not fail to pay attention both to WARNING and CAUTION which are of great importance.

Meanings of Signs

The signs of \triangle and \triangle indicate that precautions should be taken.

The contents of warning or caution are described at each sign.

The sign of O indicates prohibited actions.

The sign of indicates that an action is enforced or instructed.

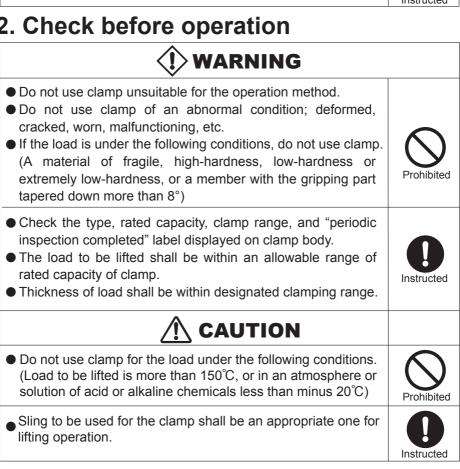
Two point lift for nighthand figure.

After reading this manual, make sure to keep it at a place of easy access
by any users.

1. Handling in general

WARNING • Do not operate until the contents of the operation manual, and caution tag/plate are thoroughly read and understood. Do not operate without a legal qualification. • Be sure to clear of the area of the operation for lifting or turning a load against possible drop off or fall over. • Do not use for other than intended purpose. Make sure to execute an inspection periodically and before each operation.

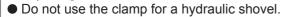
2. Check before operation



3. Lifting operation

ᡗ WARNING

- Do not use clamp, lifting at one point.
 (excluding special or custom ordered products)
- Do not use the clamp in the following ways of lifting: lifting of two or more individual objects at one time. (overlapped loads, padded load etc., or side gripping)
- Do not use the clamp for pulling out steel plate sheet from the steel sheet pile or for vertical lifting of the sheet.
- Do not use the clamp when strong wind may threaten to cause any danger.







- Install two or more clamps in a balanced way to keep the balance of load.
- The lifting angle of the clamps and the dividing angle should be kept within the allowable angles according to types.
 Load should be inserted to the innermost end of the jaw opening.
- When you use the clamp with a lock mechanism, never fail to have the lock engaged.





- If oil, paint, scale, rust, etc. are on the gripping pad, do not use the clamp.
- Do not drop clamp or drag on the ground.



4. Operation of a crane

(!) WARNING

- Never lift a load exceeding the rated capacity.
- Do not operate a crane in such a way as to give an impact to the load or the clamp.
- Do not allow a person to stand on the load or to carry him.
- Do not lift a load which is not free from any other objects.
- Do not release the lock of clamp while lifting load.
- Avoid unintended contact by load to an adjacent member or to the clamp, which has been removed from the load.



- Stop the lifting operation by crane for a moment when the load is applied to the lifting ring for safety checking. (depth of the load into the clamp opening; status of locking).
- Stop the operation of the crane just before the load reaches the ground, and check the following matters: (Inclination or falling over of the load and security around the landing area of the load)





- Do not operate the crane in such a way as to drag the load along the ground.
- Do not leave the crane (or winder, etc.) unattended from an operating position while keeping the load lifted with the clamp.



 Raising and lowering operation by crane should be done slowly and carefully.



5. Maintenance, storage and alteration

(!) WARNING

- Never alter the clamp and its accessories.
- Do not apply welding or heat to the clamp or its accessories.
- Do not use any other parts than our company's genuine parts.
- Clamps which require the repair should be stored at a different place so that they are not used mistakenly.



- Persons with specialized knowledge designated by the business owner are to conduct maintenance and repairing work.
- When any abnormality with the clamp is found, do not use it and immediately repair or dispose.
- Remove, if any, paint or mud sticking to the moving parts of the clamp, cams, and pads.



CAUTION

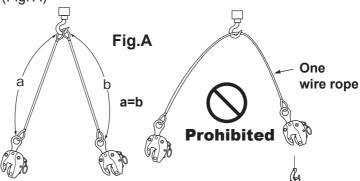
- Conduct maintenance and repairing without any load attached.
- Conduct maintenance and repairing after posting a sign indicating that you're on the maintenance work.
- Never fail to lubricate oil on the rotating parts of the clamp (around the pins), guide grooves, sliding parts, etc.
- Be sure to store clamps indoor.



■ General warning for use (common to all lifting clamp models)

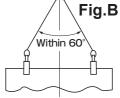
- 1. Be sure to select proper model clamps for use.

 Pay special attentions to keep the lifting direction (rope angle).
- 2. Confirm the weight of the load. Do not exceed maximum capacity (designated ton) on clamps. (Never overload.)
- 3. Before use, confirm followings:
 - (a) Proper capacity of clamps.
 - (b) No abnormal movements of clamp or loosening of any bolts.
 - (c) No oil or other foreign matters on the surface of the cam and pad.
- 4. Never use for load beyond the clamp range.
- 5. When installing clamps, insert a lifting load completely until it comes in contact with the deepest of the jaw opening of main body.
- 6. Depending on the model or capacity of the clamp, the cam teeth may not bite a load sufficiently when the load is a hard or light weight material (Less than 1/5 of maximum capacity or less than 1/4 of maximum clamp range). Confirm the condition of clamp for safety.
- 7. Confirm that the safety lock is completely engaged in case clamp has a built-in lock.
- 8. Confirm that the load is well balanced. Determine the clamp position or the center of gravity of the rope properly. It is especially important to determine the horizontal center of gravity.
- 9. When lifting at 2 points, be sure to use two wire ropes, and make them equal length. (Fig. A)

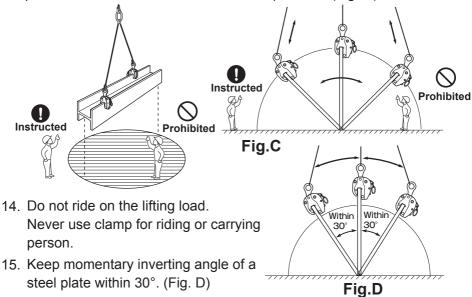


10. When lifting at 2 points, keep the lifting angle within 60°. (Fig. B)

(Follow the standards if lifting angle is specified depending on items.) If the load is long, use a balance.



- 11. Never lift two or more steel plates or steel members at a time.
- 12. The load may move to an unexpected direction when lifted off the ground and as such confirm the center of gravity and the clamping position for safety when raising. Sufficient caution should be taken until the clamp with the load becomes completely balanced.
- 13. When changing directions of the load or any similar operations, all personnel must be clear of the area of operation. (Fig. C)



- 16. Before operation, the surface of load must always be clean and free of scale, coatings or other foreign matters that will reduce clamping force significantly.
- 17. When raising, special attention must be given to prevent the rope from loosening by its unintended contact with any other objects.
- 18. When raising again after the load is put on ground, reconfirm the clamp condition.
- 19. Do not use clamp for heated load or in a corrosion liquid because safety factor and durability will be reduced in such conditions.
- 20. Do not alter clamp by welding, cutting by gas or by any other modification.
- 21. Do not weld electrically a load while being lifted by clamp.
- 22. Conduct daily maintenance and lubrication.

■ Maintenance and Inspection

1. Maintenance

Daily maintenance is important for efficient and safe operation even under the severe use condition and for such purposes, please comply with the followings.

- (1) Designate the use standards and control.
- (2) Keep clamps indoor and do not leave them outdoor.
- (3) Check the followings to maintain in a good condition.
 - (a) Operating condition.
 - (b) Any abrasion, damage, or clogging at teeth of cam and pad.
 - (c) Deformation of main body at jaw opening in particular.
- (4) Separate conforming clamps and other hazardous items identified during use or inspection and designate the defective sections. Perform maintenance any soon.
- (5) For the storage, place soft material as wooden chip in-between cam and pad to protect the teeth.
- (6) Perform inspection and maintenance once a week by referring to "Inspection Standards". Lubricate sliding sections periodically. (However, remove oil at teeth of cam and pad.)

2. Periodic Inspection

Perform periodic inspection in accordance with the periodic inspection and maintenance standards. Functions and life of clamps may differ in a great degree as they are used in varieties of fields under different conditions of use. Therefore, preparation and practice of effective handling/inspection standards manual by users themselves are recommended. We ask you to establish complete maintenance and control for assurance of safety in reference to our Manufacturer's Inspection Standards of our clamp. Clamp is designed for easy replacement of parts and therefore, do not fail to replace defective parts. Also, keeping spare parts at all times is recommended. For your preparation of the standards, pay special attention to the followings.

- (1) Operation and maintenance standards
 - (a) Preparation of use criteria (shape of load and operating methods).
 - (b) Thorough understanding and compliance of cautions on handling.
 - (c) Maintenance and storage.
 - (d) Rules of inspection and check at site.

- (2) Standards on periodic inspection
 - (A) Establishing dates of periodic inspection.
 - (B) Establishing inspection and maintenance methods.
 - (a) Inspecting period.
 - (b) Person in charge of the inspection.
 - (c) Inspection site.
 - (d) Tools and devices for inspection.
 - (e) Establishment of permissible limit of use.
 - (f) Explicit designation of maintenance and repair methods.

3. Manufacturer's inspection method

Our company's inspection procedures are as follow.

Check for

- (1) Movements.
- (2) Wear, loss, and/or clogging of/at the teeth of the cam and screw.
- (3) Deformation of main body.
- (4) Deformation of shackle.
- (5) The status of bolts, pins, links and springs.
- (6) Deep scratches in general.
- (7) Other checking items based on the Standards.

Lifting angle and rated load of wire rope

The maximum rated capacity of wire ropes also differs according to the lifting angle.

Therefore, after paying attention to the lifting angle, always use wire ropes with the appropriate diameter.

Correlation table between the lifting angle and the applicable load for wire rope (for 2-point lifting)

■JIS G 3525 6×24 A type

JIS G 3525 6×24 A type				
D wire rope diameter	W rated load (for 1 single rope) [Safety factor] S=6	0'	30-	-60
		(Change in % of the	lifting capacity rate accordi	ng to the lifting angle)
		100%	96%	86%
(mm)	(ton)	Maximum allow	able load (rated load) for 2	wire ropes (ton)
6	0.30	0.60	0.57	0.51
8	0.53	1.07	1.03	0.92
9	0.67	1.35	1.30	1.16
10	0.83	1.67	1.61	1.44
12	1.20	2.41	2.32	2.08
14	1.64	3.28	3.15	2.83
16	2.14	4.28	4.12	3.69
18	2.72	5.44	5.23	4.69
20	3.35	6.70	6.44	5.77
22	4.06	8.12	7.81	7.00
24	4.82	9.65	9.28	8.32
26	5.66	11.3	10.8	9.76
28	6.58	13.1	12.6	11.3
30	7.55	15.1	14.5	13.0
32	8.58	17.1	16.5	14.8
36	10.8	21.7	20.8	18.7
40	13.4	26.8	25.8	23.1

Calculation formula of a wire rope diameter and rated load (for 1 single rope)

* Refer to the calculated values as rough indications.

① $D = \sqrt{W \times C}$

②
$$W = \frac{D^2}{C}$$

D= wire rope dia. (mm)
W= rated load (ton)
C= 120 (constant)
(with Safety factor S = 6)

★ When looking for the required wire rope diameter to lift a 3 ton load

① D=
$$\sqrt{W \times C}$$

D= $\sqrt{3 \times 120} = \sqrt{360} = 19 \rightarrow$ **20**mm

- ★ When looking for the maximum capacity (rated load) of a wire rope with 12mm diameter
- $W = \frac{D^2}{C}$ $W = \frac{12^2}{120} = \frac{144}{120} = 1.2 \to$ **1.2**ton



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Operation Manual and Inspection Standards



Screw Cam Clamp (Dual purpose of lifting and fixing as an anchor point) (Universal Shackle, Twist Cam Type) SUC-S

Uses

Clamps suitable for lifting, lateral pulling, and turning over steel plates and members in various shapes in such industries as civil engineering, construction, iron and steel, shipbuilding, and steel plate working industries.

It is also ideal for hanging chain blocks, hoists, etc., and pulling of steel materials, etc., as an anchor point.

■ Features

- Because of its Shackle design of 360 degrees rotation to the lifting (pulling) direction, a stable angle lifting and a wide range of pulling are possible.
- 2. Screw and Circular Cam ensure reliable clamping.
- 3. When the lateral load is applied, Circular Cam tilts and clamps more firmly in proportion to the lifting load. In addition, the operation of Circular Cam can be easily confirmed by the check marks. The marks are superior in visibility with phosphores-
- 4. A strong disc spring built into Main body prevents loosening the screws.
- 5. In proportion to the lifting load, Circular Cam tilts and the contact surface becomes larger and clamps more firmly.
- 6. Circular Cam is designed whereby Spring forces always make it return to the normal position.
- 7. Main body is a mold forged product of special alloy steel processed with optimal heat treatment, and thus, strong and durable.

Specifications

cent paint.

Item No.	Rated Capacity (ton)	Clamp Range (mm)	Net Weight (kg)
SUC 0.5S	0.5	0~25	2.5
SUC 1S	1	0~40	4.2

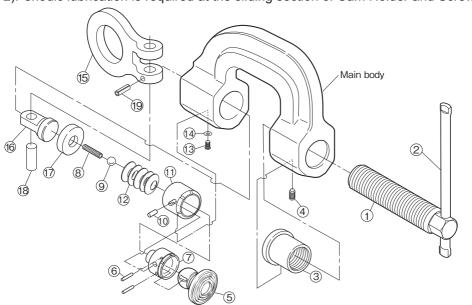
■REPLACEMENT PARTS AND ASSEMBLIES

Part No.	Part Name)	Assembly No.	O!tr./(n.a)
rait NO.	Part Name	Assembly Name	(Set No.)	Q'ty(pc)
1	Screw	Corour	SUCR	1
2	Handle	Screw	SUCK	1
3	Sleeve	Sleeve	SUCB	1
4	Hex. Hole Head Screw	Sieeve	3006	1
5	Circular Cam			1
6	Stopper Pin			2
7	Cam Holder			1
8	Spring			1
9	Steel Ball	Cam	SUT	1
10	Guide Pin	Can	301	1
11	Collar			1
12	Disc Spring			5
13	Hex. Hole Head Bolt			1
14	Spring Washer			1
15	Shackle			1
16	Shaft			1
17	Plate	Shackle	SUS	1
18	Connecting Pin			1
19	Spring Pin			1

¹⁾When ordering, specify the rated capacity (ton) of item No. with "S".

(For instance, the screw for SUC1S is SUCRIS.)

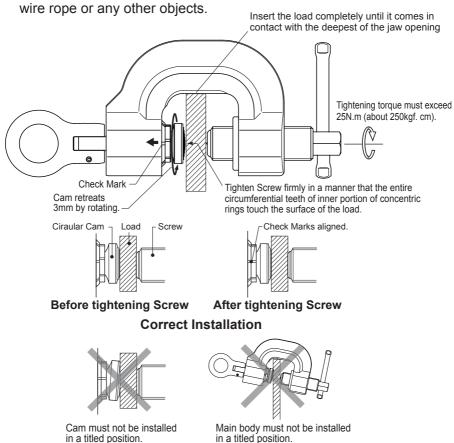
2)Periodic lubrication is required at the sliding section of Cam Holder and Screw.



■ How to use

1.OPERATION METHOD

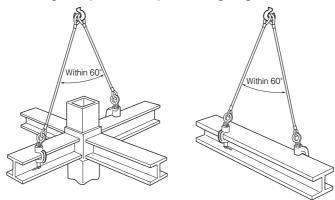
- 1) Screw tightens when turned clockwise, and loosens when turned counterclockwise (Right screw).
- 2) When installing clamps, insert a lifting load completely until it comes in contact with the deepest of the jaw opening of Main Body and set in a manner that the entire circumferential teeth of inner portion of concentric rings touch the surface of the load.
- Circular Cam retreats about 3mm when Screw is tightened.
 Tighten until it stops and the check marks match. After confirming that the marks are aligned and tighten at 25 N-m (approx. 250 kgf.cm) or more.
- 4) During lifting operation and the like, special attention must be given to prevent Screw from loosening by an unintended contact of Handle with wire rope or any other objects.



2. OPERATION PATTERNS

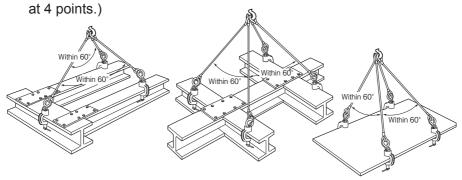
1) Lifting Operation (Always lift at 2 or more points)

(1) When lifting at 2 points, keep the lifting angle within 60°.

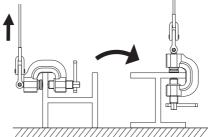


(2) Always lift at 3 or more points with complicated shaped objects, and balance the load with the proper clamping position and length of wire rope.

Keep the lifting angle of the wire ropes next to each other within 60°. (When lifting steel plates horizontally, always lift



(3) Clamps can also be used for temporary turning over mold steel or the like.

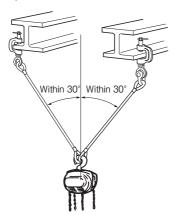


2 Hanging Operation

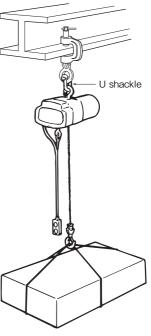
(1) Load direction for hanging hoist and chain block should be within 30°.

Within 30°

(3) When hanging from two different pillars.



(2) When hanging hoist and chain block, attach U Shackle with shackle hole.



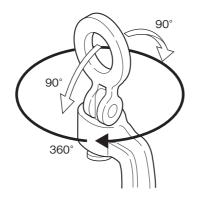
- %1 In the case of hunging, it cannot be used for sloped objects (I-beams).
- ※2 When the clamps are used continuously over a long period of time, check the clamping force regularly at short intervals.

③ Positioning and Pulling Operation

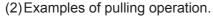
Clamps can also be used for positioning steel structure for welding, pulling and/or suspending.

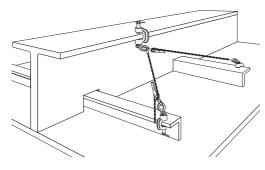
(When the clamps are used continuously over a long period of time, pay special attention not to overload.)

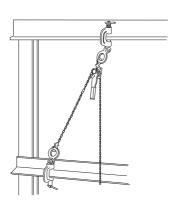
(1) Keep the pulling direction of shackle within the range shown below.



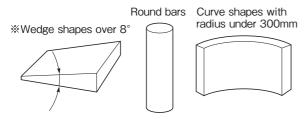
(Caution)
Only in case of positioning and pulling operation, shackle pull direction can be used up to 90°.







4 The clamps cannot be used on the following shaped structures.



Even in the case the wedge shapes under 8°, lifting up in tapering down direction is prohibited.



Cylinders with inner dia. under 600mm



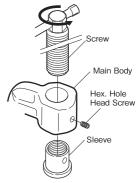
3. DISASSEMBLING AND ASSEMBLING

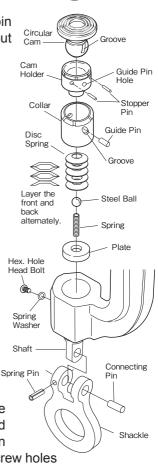
1 Disassembling

- (1) Turn Screw counterclockwise to pull it out of Main body. (Screw and Handle cannot be disassembled.)
- (2) Pull out Hex. Hole Head Bolt, and pull Circular Cam, Cam Holder, Collar, Disc Spring, Steel Ball, Spring and Plate out of Main Body.
- (3) Pull out Guide Pin and Collar.
- (4) Pull two Stopper Pins out of Cam Holder and remove Circular Cam.
- (5) Pull out Hex. Hole Head Bolt and Sleeve.
- (6) Pull out Spring Pin for Shackle by using a pin punch etc. Remove Connecting Pin, and pull out Shaft from Main body.

2 Assembling

- (1) Insert Shaft into Cam Holder hole of Main Body.
 - Align Pin hole of Shackle with Pin hole of Shaft, connect Shaft with Pin hole, and hit Spring Pin by using a hammer etc. (Procedure opposite to how to disassemble (6))
- (2) Align the holes of Sleeve with the screw holes of Main Body and secure with Hex. Hole Head Screw.
- (3) Place the spherical part of Circular Cam in Cam Holder and fix it with two Stopper Pins.
- (4) Place Collar in Cam Holder, and align the groove of spherical part of Circular Cam, guide pin hole of Cam Holder and the groove of Collar, and insert guide pins.
- (5) Place 5 Disc Springs as shown in the figure.
- (6) Place Steel Ball and Spring in order at the bottom of Cam Holder.
- (7) Put Plate in the hole of Cam Holder of Main
 Body in the direction shown in the figure, place
 the assembled cam set in Main Body, and
 secure it with Hex. Hole Head Bolt. When
 securing with Hex. Hole Head Bolt, align the screw holes
 of Main Body with the holes in Collar.
- (8) Insert and turn Screw into Sleeve of Main Body.





CAUTION:

- Use within the rated capacity.
- Use within the clamp range.
- ◆ Do not use for any objects other than steel materials.
- ◆ Do not use for hard (30 HRC or higher) load.
- ◆ Lifting is not allowed for a load tapering down in upward direction.
- ◆ Do not apply shock to the load or lifting clamp.
- ◆ Do not lift more than one plate.
- ◆ Before using the product, be sure to check for clogging and wear of the teeth of the cam, screw and any other parts.
- ◆ Do not alter. Heating, modifying, etc. will significantly reduce the quality (strength).

OTHER:

Inquiries for Repair Parts and Repair.
If repair parts or repairs are required, stop using this clamp and contact your distributor.

■ DAILY INSPECTION:

Conduct daily checks and maintenance to prevent the loss of safety and efficiency.

- 1. Check that there are no cracks at the body, cam, or wire rope holes.
- 2. Check if the movement and lubrication condition of each part are good.
- 3. Check for wear, loss, or clogging of the teeth of the cam and screw.
- 4. Refer to other inspection standards.

■ INSPECTION STANDARDS FOR SUC-S

Item	Inspection method	Limit of use	Remedy
	Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks.	When found visually.	
	Check for wear or deformation of holes of screw.	When the diameter of any one part of circum- ference of any hole exceeds the respective size in the table below.	
Main Body	Measure the jaw opening.	Rated capacity (ton) 0.5 1 D (mm) 34.5 42.5 When the difference of "A" and "B" exceeds.	Discard
	inodedie tile jaw opening.	2.5mm or more against 100mm in depth.(2.5%)	
		B	
		When the displacement of the center of Srew and pad exceeds 2 mm.	
	Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks.	When found visually.	
	Measure wear or deformation of Shackle hole, Pin hole and groove	When the diameter of any one part of circum- ference of any hole exceeds the respective size in the table below.	
	part.	When the difference (A), exceeds the size in the table below.	
Shackle			Replace
		\$ D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	
		Rated capacity (ton) 0.5 1 D1 (mm) 36.0 36.0 D2 (mm) 12.5 12.5 A (mm) 13.0 13.0	

Item	Inspection method	Limit of use	Remedy
	Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks.	When found visually.	
	Visually check for bending.	When the displacement of the screw center exceeds 2mm.	
	Measure for wear.	When the movement is not smooth, when thread part on circumference exceeds the respective size in the below table.	
		Rated capacity (ton) 0.5 1 Diameter (mm) 23.3 29.3	
Screw Visually check or measure the degree of wear exceeds 0.5mr width of wear exceed	When the degree of wear exceeds 0.5mm.	Replace	
	Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks at the teeth bottom.	When found Visually.	
	Visually check for broken teeth.	When any broken tooth is found.	
	Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks.	When found visually.	
	Measure each section for wear.	When the width (A) and outside diameter (D1) becomes less than the respective size in the table below.	
		When the pin hole (D2), even one part of circumference, exceeds the respective size in the table below. ϕ D2	
Shaft			Replace
Snart		Rated capacity (ton) 0.5 1 D1 (mm) 19.5 19.5 D2 (mm) 12.5 12.5 A (mm) 11.5 11.5	·
	Measure for deformation.	When the distortion exceeds 0.5mm, and the lotation is not smooth when assembled into Main Body.	
		O.Smm More than O.Smm O.Smm	

Item	Inspection method	Limit of use	Remedy
Plate	Measure each section for wear. Measure for deformation.	When the width (T) and outside diameter (D) becomes less than the size in the table below. Patent capacity (ton) 0.5 1	Replace
Connecting Pin	Measure the frame part for wear. Visually check or measure deformation.	When the frame part, even one part of circumference, exceeds the size in the table below. Rated capacity (ton) 0.5 1 Diameter (mm) 11.5 11.5 When the distortion exceeds 0.5mm.	Replace
Spring Pin	Visually check the installation condition of spring pin.	When damaged, loosed, or come off.	Replace
Sleeve	Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks. Measure for wear. Visually check the installation condition.	When found visually. When the space between Sleeve and Screw exceeds 0.5mm, resulting in rattling. When Hex. Hole Head Bolt comes off or loosens.	Replace Adjust tightening
Circular Cam	Visually check and measure the degree of wear. Visually check or use color dyes to find cracks at the bottom cam teeth. Visually check for broken cam teeth. Measure each section for wear.	When the degree of wear exceeds 0.5mm. When found visually. When any broken tooth is found. When the space between Circular Cam and Cam Holder exceeds 0.5mm, resulting in rattling.	Replace

Item	Inspection method	Limit of use	Remedy
Cam Holder	Measure each section for wear.	When the space among Main body, Cam holder and Cam exceeds 0.5mm, resulting in rattling.	Replace
Collar	Measure each section for wear. Visually check the installation condition.	When the space among Collar, Main body and Cam Holder exceeds 0.3mm, resulting in rattling. When Hex. Hole Head Bolt comes off or loosens.	Replace Adjust tightening
Guide Pin	Measure each section for wear. Visually check the installation condition.	When the space among Collar, Main body and Cam Holder exceeds 0.3mm, resulting in rattling. When Hex. Hole Head Bolt comes off or loosens.	Replace
Stopper Pin	Measure each section for wear. Visually check or measure for deformation.	When the space with the hole of Cam Holder exceeds 0.2mm, resulting rattling. When deformation exceeds 0.2mm. When the movement of Circular Cam is not smooth.	Replace
Steel Ball	Measure for wear or deformation.	When Ball diameter of any part becomes smaller than the respective size in the table below. Rated capacity(ton) 0.5 1 Diameter(mm) 4.8 6.8 When the movement of Circular Cam is not smooth.	Replace
Spring	Visually check if cam returns automatically to an original position when moved by hands. Visually check clearance of spring coils.	When Cam does not return to its original position due to the loss of adequate repulsive power from deformation. When Spring becomes shorter by more than 5%.	Replace
Disc Spring	Check if the repulsive power is appropriate when inserting Cam.	When there is no repulsive power from deformation, and the movement of Circular Cam is not smooth.	Replace